

MOUNTED POLICE RUTHLESSLY RIDE DOWN RIOTING MOB

Wild Scenes of Disorder at London Free Speech Meeting.

BATTLE LASTS FOR TWO HOURS

Suffragettes Forbidden to Attend, but They Are There, and Add to Bedlam by Their Efforts to Be Heard—Twenty Thousand People in Trafalgar Square.

London, May 4.—Wild scenes of disorder occurred today at the demonstration in Trafalgar Square under the auspices of the free speech defense committee. The police tried to prevent speeches from the Whitehall side of the plinth of the Nelson column, and only the intervention of James Keir Hardie, Socialist and Independent Labor member of the House of Commons, who was chairman of the meeting, prevented a serious riot.

As it was, the disorders, many times culminating in fistfights between the crowd and the police, continued for almost two hours.

By the time the marching Socialists, Labor and other organizations, with bands playing the "Marseillaise," reached Trafalgar Square, 20,000 persons had gathered there and as many more in the surrounding streets.

March With Dockers.

Permission to hold a meeting was given at the last moment on the understanding that no suffragettes should be allowed to speak. Unable to secure permission to march as an organization, the supporters of the Women's Social and Political Union marched with the dockers, their colors being preceded by a huge banner inscribed: "Where there's a will, there's a way."

Flags of the Women's Social and Political Union were posted on the plinth, from which they waved during the meeting.

Trouble began when a Socialist speaker started to address the crowd from the Whitehall side of the column. The promise had been given that no speaking should take place on this side because of interference with traffic. A hasty police sergeant, standing on the plinth, hurled the speaker down on the heads of the crowd below.

The crowd then rushed the plinth and endeavored to replace the speaker. It looked for a time as if their efforts would prove successful, but the mounted police ruthlessly rode down the rioters. James Keir Hardie then intervened and the Socialist speaker was allowed to regain his place.

In a moment a suffragette attempted to climb to the plinth. The police below tried to pull her back, but sympathizers on the platform succeeded in dragging her up after she had sacrificed some of her clothes in the hands of the police.

In retaliation, a policeman snatched (Continued on Seventh Page.)

COME TO FRAME PLANS FOR PEACE FESTIVAL

Delegates Arrive From England, Canada, Newfoundland and Australia.

New York, May 4.—Representatives of Great Britain, Canada, Newfoundland and Australia reached New York today to open a five-day conference beginning to-morrow, with fifty delegates from the United States, to frame plans to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of peace among English-speaking peoples. With them were two representatives of the City of Ghent, where was signed the treaty ending the war of 1812 between Great Britain and the United States. The celebration will be held two years hence.

Fourteen delegates under the leadership of Lord Wendale came from Great Britain, Australia and Ghent on the steamer Caronia, which docked this morning. They were met at the pier by a committee including Nicholas Murray Butler, Henry Claws, William H. Short, secretary of the New York Peace Society, and representatives of the Governor of New Jersey, and escorted to an uptown hotel, where they will hold their deliberations. The five Canadian delegates reached the city this morning by rail.

The delegation from Great Britain, eleven in number, consists mostly of members of Parliament, and includes Karl Stanhope and the Honorable Neil

MEEING IN ATLANTA MAY BEEPOCH-MAKING

Four Great Presbyterian Organizations of World Will Convene There May 15.

Atlanta, Ga., May 4.—Epoch-making developments are anticipated when representatives from four of the great Presbyterian organizations of the world convene in Atlanta May 15 for the first joint gathering ever held by these bodies in the history of Presbyterianism. The sessions will continue for ten days.

More than 1,500 commissioners have been appointed by the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A.; the Presbyterian Church, U. P.; the United Presbyterian Church and the Associate Reformed Church, and are expected to be present.

The first three of these great organizations will hold their annual assemblies here simultaneously, while the fourth has delegated a special commission to be present at the joint sessions.

Preparations are also being made for

Warm Spots in East With Frosts in West

Washington, May 4.—Warm spots in the East and frosts in the North-west and the Rocky Mountain country were forecast in the Weather Bureau's weekly bulletin tonight. The bulletin indicated that during the week temperatures would average above normal east of the Mississippi, and below normal over the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions.

"The weather will be generally fair and warm the first part of the week in the Eastern States, followed by unsettled weather by Wednesday and local rains thereafter," the forecast announced. "There will be frequent showers during the first half of the week in the Southern States. There will be frosts the first half of the week in the Northwestern States and the plateau and Rocky Mountain regions."

HOME OF POLITENESS

Store Matron Believes Country Surpasses Others in Courtesy.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, May 4.—Mrs. Mary F. Kelly, matron of one of the largest department stores in the city, who instructs 2,000 girls in deportment, says the United States is the home of true politeness.

"In twenty years this nation will be known as the politest in the world," said Mrs. Kelly, who lectures every Tuesday and Friday morning to her classes.

"My pupils among American girls are quicker to adopt courteous phrases than those of European parentage. The memory is too recent among the latter of enforced civility among the masses abroad. They mistake the purpose of the training here."

"The politeness of this country is the consideration shown among equals. It is the courtesy shown by husbands to wives, wives to husbands and by both to their children."

OPPOSITION IS CERTAIN

Exemption of Labor and Farmers' Unions to Be Centre of Fight.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, May 4.—Vigorous opposition is being planned in the Senate against the clause in the sundry bill, which exempts labor unions and farmers' organizations from prosecution under the antitrust act. Many telegrams and letters are said to have been received by Senators urging on the clause.

Senator Martin, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, has announced that the bill will be called up for action Monday. The bill has already been reported to the Senate practically as it came from the House, and it will be vetoed by President Taft last session.

FORMER LORD MAYOR HERE

Sir William Trevelyan Comes to United States for Visit.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, May 4.—Sir William Trevelyan, former Lord Mayor of London, and Colonel Sir William H. Dunn, who will be Lord Mayor in 1917, has arrived in the United States for a stay of six weeks.

Sir William, one of England's greatest philanthropists, does not believe women ever will vote in Great Britain. He said that votes for women had proved to be a good money-making scheme for those in the position to get the profits.

It is an open secret that the President's Finance Committee, and the Ways and Means Committee have had an understanding that the bill should be revised in all essential particulars in the House, if there are to be any changes, but whether this agreement can be maintained remains to be seen. Certain it is, however, that the majority Senators do not contemplate material changes, if it is possible to avoid them.

Wool May Get Duty.

The sugar schedule with its immediate 25 per cent reduction, and free sugar in three years, is almost certain to remain as it is. Wool might come out eventually with a slight duty, Western Senators keeping up their demand for it. Deputy, in conference with the President in an effort to induce him to yield from his opposition to free raw wool. The only other changes that seem at all likely relate to live stock and possibly the pottery schedule. There is a determined minority on the Democratic side demanding that cattle, sheep and hogs should be put on the free list along with food products, and another in the group of Democrats clamoring for an increase in the pottery schedule. All these things, Democratic leaders assert, will be determined before the

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CHARGES FILED
AGAINST JURIST

Disbarred Attorney Seeks to Prevent Confirmation of Judge Woods's Nomination.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, May 4.—A subcommittee, consisting of Senators Bacon, of Georgia, and Chilton, of West Virginia, will, it is understood here today, make its report to the full committee to-morrow on charges filed against the confirmation of Charles A. Woods, of California, to be a judge of the Fourth Circuit, brought by a disbarred attorney of South Carolina.

Immediately after the nomination of Judge Woods to become the successor of Nathan Goff, was sent to the Senate about ten days ago, the disbarred attorney referred to wired the members of the Judiciary Committee that he had charges to file, and asked that he be given a hearing. This hearing was asked for to-morrow, but will not be held at this time. The charges against Judge Woods refer to proceedings while the attorney, who has since been disbarred, was on trial. Unfair treatment and a general allegation of unfitness on various grounds are also alleged.

Those who know Judge Woods and his high standing as a man and a jurist ridicule the idea of these charges being seriously considered, but having been regularly filed here, the Judiciary Committee is investigating them, and may order a hearing soon.

P. H. McG.

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SENATE EXPECTED TO PASS BILL WITH FEW ALTERATIONS

Opposition Not Strong Enough to Make Radical Changes.

SUGAR SCHEDULE TO STAY AS IT IS

Wool May Come Out With Slight Duty as Result of Protest From West—Wilson Will Soon Make Plans Known as to His Desires for Further Legislation.

Washington, May 4.—The Underwood tariff revision bill is expected to pass this week from its scene of rushed consideration in the House, to be weighed in the steady balance of Senate deliberation. It probably will be passed in the House not later than Wednesday night, just as it came from the Ways and Means Committee, with free raw wool, free meat, free flour and sweeping reductions in live stock and manufacture articles.

When the Democratic majority thunders out its chorus of approval as the bill is put upon its passage in the House, the measure will be just one month old, and its champions predict that within two months more it will have the approval of the Senate, and soon thereafter be inscribed on the statute books over the signature of the Democratic President.

Complete Organization.

President Wilson, if he proposes to ask Congress for currency legislation at the extra session, has not yet made any definite suggestion relating to it, but House leaders will learn before many days his plans in that regard. Whatever is in store, the lower branch of Congress has determined to complete the formation of standing committees, and it will be ready for any emergency, while the Senate is mulling over the tariff.

Although the Senate Finance Committee, to which the tariff bill formally will be referred when it comes from the House, has not determined upon a program of procedure, it has been informally considering the bill for a month, and will be ready before many days to announce its plans. Senator Ransdell, chairman of the committee, into three sections, and the subcommittees are studying the various schedules and sections of the measure to report to the full committee with recommendations as soon as possible.

When the subcommittees in the Senate have reported, the committee will decide upon its course. Thus far the majority Senators have been in the minority, and the bill should not be delayed for public hearings, but insistent demands from many interested for such a hearing may bring about a change of view.

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YIELDS AT ELEVENTH HOUR



KING NICHOLAS, OF MONTENEGRO.

ACCUSES HIS PARTY OF FREE TRADE PLAN

Senator Ransdell Bitterly Arraigns Tariff Bill Now in Congress.

PREDICTS BUSINESS RUIN

He Expects to See Democratic Majority in Senate Overturned.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, May 4.—"For the first time my party has raised the radical flag of free trade," was the declaration made to-day by Senator Ransdell, in discussing the ruin to the industry that would attend the accomplishment of the administration's purpose to remove the duty from sugar. The Senator accused

the party of violating its platform pledges, quoting one of President Wilson's pre-election speeches, wherein he declared that "the Democratic party does not propose free trade or anything approaching free trade," and concluded with a warning that the action of the administration would cost the party the control of the Senate next year.

"From the beginning," said Senator Ransdell, "the administration forces have been proceeding on the theory that all duty on sugar must ultimately be removed and sugar be placed on the free list. The beet and cane sugar producing countries cannot conceive how such a condition can ever be sought by a Democratic administration, since Democracy has for more than a century preached and practiced a tariff for revenue, and sugar is the ideal revenue producer. For the first time my party has raised the radical flag of free trade."

His Pittsburgh Speech.

"The party declared in its last platform," (Continued On Seventh Page.)

DR. LYMAN ABBOTT
IS NOT DISTURBED

Metropolitan Opera Contralto Takes Place of Janet Spencer, Who Is Ill.

FESTIVAL OPENS TO-NIGHT

Bonci and Other Stars Arrive. Audience Must Be Seated Before 8:30.

Wednesday Club Program To-Night

Helen Stanley, soprano. Sophie Braslau, contralto. Alessandro Bonci, tenor. The Wednesday Club—W. Henry Baker, director.

The Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra—Richard Hageman, conductor.

1. Overture, "Semiramide"..... Rossini
2. "Lucevan le stelle"..... Puccini
3. "Mon coeur s'ouvre a ta voix"..... Signor Bonci.
4. Selection..... Miss Stanley.
5. "Chilido gil uechi"..... Massenet
6. "The Revenge"..... Stanford
7. Selection from "La Gioconda"..... Puccini
8. Selection..... Miss Stanley.
9. "Gerechte Gott"..... Wagner
10. "Una furtiva lagrima"..... Signor Bonci.
11. (a) Chorus from "Nannam"..... Costa
(b) Quartet from "Rigoletto"..... Verdi
(chorus arrangement)..... The Chorus.

President J. G. Corley, of the Wednesday Club, announced yesterday, that, owing to the sudden illness of Janet Spencer, one of the contraltos engaged for the May Festival, which begins to-night at the City Auditorium, the management had substituted Sophie Braslau, of the Metropolitan Opera house.

After having heard Miss Braslau sing during the opera season in New York, the directors of the club were anxious

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CITY YIELDED AT ELEVENTH HOUR BY KING NICHOLAS

Scutari Evacuated, and European Tension Relieved.

AUSTRIA'S THREAT HAS ITS EFFECT

Cabinet Resigns as Protest Against Montenegro's Surrender of Territory So Bitterly Fought For—Austria and Italy Still Preparing to Occupy Albania.

Cettinje, Saturday, May 3 (Delayed in Transmission).—A royal decree summons a special meeting in the Skupstina on May 8 to deal with the difficult foreign situation. King Nicholas summoned all his generals into a council of war to-day. The majority decided in favor of the evacuation of Scutari. Therefore, the prospect of a peaceful solution is brighter.

Emperor Hears News.

Berlin, May 4.—Emperor William received a message to-night from a member of the German diplomatic corps at Vienna, saying that King Nicholas was about to evacuate Scutari. The Emperor was attending the opera with members of the royal family when the message came.

Cabinet Resigns.

London, May 4.—A Cettinje dispatch to a London news agency says that the Montenegrin Cabinet has resigned as a protest against the policy of evacuating Scutari.

Tension Relieved.

London, May 4.—Tension in the European situation was somewhat relieved to-night by the news of Montenegro's eleventh hour submission. Confronted by Austria's threatening attitude, which was backed by Italy, King Nicholas decided to withdraw from Scutari.

Austria, however, is not relaxing military preparations, although the object of these preparations is not now Montenegro or even Scutari. The pacification of Albania is the task for which Austria is mobilizing 60,000 troops.

Co-operating with Italy, Austria will occupy Albania with the object of ending the anarchical conditions there.

As a measure of precaution, martial law has been proclaimed in Bosnia and Herzegovina, the neighboring Austro-Serbian states. This means considerable curtailment of public liberty.

It is stated in official circles that the occupation of Albania will be only temporary, and that no division of territory is contemplated, but elsewhere such assurances are distrusted.

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HUERTA PROMISES END OF REVOLUTION

Government of Mexico Will Abandon Its Defensive Attitude This Week.

Mexico City, May 4.—Assurances were given at the National Palace to-day that before the end of the week the defensive attitude thus far maintained by the government will be abandoned, and that within thirty days a revolution having the appearance of a rebel organization will be broken. It was admitted that there will remain the task of running down isolated bands.

President Huerta and the War Minister, General Mondragon, as well as their counselors, seemed confident that the forces of Venustiano Carranza, the rebel Governor of Coahuila, and the rebel forces in Sonora will be rendered practically harmless.

General Gustavo Maas, with 700 recruits, strongly armed, is on his way to Mazatlan and probably will proceed to Guaymas. General Teles will succeed General Trujano at Mazatlan and promises an active campaign against Carranza. General Casas Lopez is officially reported to be approaching Monclova, the Carranza headquarters.

Many residents of the capital, however, do not share any belief of the government. Some regard the proposed tactics as presaging a long conflict with the rebels raiding the country and the Federal holding the towns.

Both the rebels and the Federal government are doing their best to picture the future in the brightest colors, but there is doubt that either side is able, from a financial standpoint, to carry on the campaign as outlined. The government is working hard to obtain a loan and is assuring the public that it will soon have it, but in the meantime the rebels are increasing their scope of operations.

The States of Morelos and Guerrero are in the worst condition. There are risings in Oaxaca and Tabasco, but these are of a local character. In Guerrero the government for the present must be content to hold the larger towns.

The campaign most resembling aggressiveness is being waged by General Robles in the State of Morelos, where the adherents of Zapata have been meeting him more than half way. This campaign is characterized by barbarities on the part of the rebels and strict adherence to the policy of extermination or conscription on the part of the Federal commander.

Paul Arthur Sorg Dead.

New York, May 4.—Paul Arthur Sorg, millionaire horseman and society man, died this morning at 12:30 o'clock at his home on 12 East Eighty-seventh Street. Death was due to complications of the heart. Mr. Sorg had been ill three weeks. He leaves a widow, but no children.

Child and Home First.

"I believe in the vote for woman—for all men and for all women—but not at the sacrifice of the child and the home. No woman should have any ambition that would put motherhood second in the list. It must be as God intended—the first great purpose of a woman's life, the flowering of her soul, her greatest expression to the world and to posterity. With each succeeding generation she should feel a greater and more solemn pride in being responsible for children's children. It is her most sublime height, and a woman who would scorn motherhood is not worthy of life itself."

And whether it is the beauty that is brought to her through her mother, (Continued On Seventh Page.)

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